The Citizen's Foster Care Review Board, Inc. 2014 Annual Report



CRCRB Inc.
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Financial Statement

Year Ending 12/31/13

Opening Balance: \$2,971.26

Deposits:

Donations \$2,155.05

Expenses:

Accounting Fees \$165.00 **Annual Filings** \$ 61.25 **Background Checks** \$192.00 Donations for in-service \$100.00 Insurance (D&O) \$1,376.87 Meetings \$576.00 Office Supplies/Printing \$ 34.57 Printing \$370.00 PO Box \$ 60.00 Training/Education \$133.35 \$287.00 Website Hosting

Total Expenses \$3,356.04



The Citizen's Foster Care Review Board, Inc. is a court appointed volunteer organization that promotes timely, positive, and permanent outcomes for dependent children.



Executive Summary 2014

For twenty two years the Citizen's Foster Care Review Board (CFCRB) has served the Collier County Dependency Court and community by providing judicial reviews for children in foster care and out of home placements. This past year we were privileged to serve under the direction of The Honorable Elizabeth V. Krier, and then under the direction of the Unified Family Court Judges The Honorable Christine Greider, Joseph Foster and Fred Hardt. With the assistance of dependency court case manager Judy Groos, our thirty one, highly trained, court appointed volunteers conducted **268** judicial reviews, involving **444** children. Our goal in performing these reviews remains unchanged—to insure for the safety and best interests of each child and family within the guidelines of dependency statutes. Thus fulfilling our mission to promote timely, positive, and permanent outcomes for dependent children.

The CFCRB is an important community partner to the Dependency Court in Collier County. Panels of five volunteers perform the majority of judicial reviews at 3-6 month intervals. All parties to the case have the opportunity to be-in attendance and heard at reviews. This allows for accurate, precise and complete recommendations that, upon signature from the dependency judge, become an order of the court.

The 2014 annual report highlights the activities of the CFCRB and the data collected during reviews. Positive changes and areas of concern including barriers to permanency are identified. The report also provides information over many years so that trends can easily be identified. The information gathered becomes an important guide to CFCRB in identifying trends and changes within our community. This awareness allows us to target our educational programs to relevant issues thus enhancing the quality of the judicial review process. Other stakeholders and community organizations report that this information is also a helpful tool for them in evaluating their programs. Our desire and challenge remains to work collaboratively with others in order to effect positive change and attain our goals.

For twenty years the CFCRB was administered and fully integrated into the Collier County Dependency Court. A review of the FL State Statutes on Citizen Review Panels (39.702) called this practice into question and a plan for separation of the non-profit 501(C)3 administrative roles from the panels court "magistrate" roles was implemented last year. This dichotomy presents new challenges as well as opportunities.

To date, many of the administrative functions are performed by the volunteers of the Board of Directors (BOD) and the Steering Committee. The Steering Committee provides seven in-service programs each year, and recruits and trains new panel members and chairs, as well as addressing any operational aspects that may arise (i.e. changes in scripts or policies). The in-services are a critical component in keeping volunteers updated and skillful. Guardian-ad-Litem (GAL) and other stakeholders are invited when appropriate. All efforts are made to recruit Board and panel members that reflect the composition of our community.

As our role as an independent non-profit organization continues to evolve, the CFCRB BOD recognizes the need to find a source of funding for part time administrative support to our volunteers to ensure that we can most effectively continue to meet the needs of the children and families we are here to serve.

At the same time that the structure of CFCRB has been changing, Collier County's Dependency Court has led the State in implementing a Unified Family Court (UFC). Dependency, family law, domestic violence, and delinquency are now fully integrated. Families involved in these courts are coordinated to be heard by one judge. We are honored to be a part of this change and have the privilege to work with Judges Christine Greider, Joseph Foster, Elizabeth V. Krier and Fred Hardt who was succeeded by Judge Mary Evans on January 1st.

Judicial reviews have operated seamlessly this past year. Only one exception was filed to recommendations made by the CFCRB. This exception was subsequently withdrawn. Our success is due in large part to the unwavering continued support and resources of our Dependency Court Judges. A major key to this success is the commitment of Ms. Groos, Dependency Court Case Manager, who coordinates reviews, works tirelessly with our organization, and ensures the integration of the Court with CFCRB.

There remain many challenges facing us. This year, a new FL State "decision making methodology" program to improve the dependency system was implemented. It remains imperative that all of us who are involved in keeping children safe, work together to provide the best possible oversight and outcomes for our most vulnerable children.

Barriers to Permanency and Concerns

In 2014 the Department of Children and Families (DCF) implemented the new Safety Decision-Making Methodology. The focus of the program is to ensure that children and families are safer. The role of the Child Protective Investigator (CPI) has increased significantly in the ability to gather information and make decisions and referrals on behalf of at-risk children. All individuals involved in dependency in Collier County received extensive training on this new program. While it is too early to assess, it is hoped that it will lead to a reduction in child injuries and deaths and better outcomes.

The very high turnover rate of case managers at Providence Human Services (formerly Family Preservation Services) and Children's Legal Services (CLS) attorneys continues to be one of the most pressing problems. When there is a lack of continuity in case management, everyone suffers. As a result, children, parents, foster parents and caregivers are confused about what is happening with their case. The case may not move forward and needed or required services may not be provided. Judicial Reviews are more difficult and less effective; progress cannot be made on a case when information is lacking or case management tasks have not been fulfilled. When tracking barriers to case progress, our data indicates that 15% were due to lack of preparedness or insufficient management oversight. The case plans provided to us under the old judicial report style remain lacking in quality. The new computer generated reports are now being utilized as new cases enter the system. We welcome this change and find the new reports a significant improvement. In addition, there also appear to be more evidence based evaluations.

Another critical area of concern is the lack of foster homes in Collier County. This has been an ongoing problem with little progress. Too many children are still placed in outlying counties which place additional stress and hardship on all concerned. Parents may have difficulty visiting and needed services to children may not be conveniently accessible. When this is the case, transportation needs to be made available for parents and siblings to allow for sufficient visitation and access to services.

The demographic data collected in 2014 is attached to this report. Our observations and analysis are noted on each graph, however, there are some metrics that need special mention. Most troubling is the increase in number of cases involving domestic violence and sexual abuse. We see this trend as a cause for community concern. Also, the goal of adoption decreased from 29% to 18%. The reason for this is not clear, but may be due in part to the increase in reunification and concurrent goals. Also, we do not track if adoption was part of the concurrent goal. When weighing permanent guardianship versus adoption, the goal of adoption, according to statute, remains the preferred permanency goal and must always be considered prior to allowing a less permanent goal.

We are pleased to note that the metrics for the GAL program continue to improve. 84% of cases have a GAL assigned with 100% of reports received. Attendance at JR's by the assigned GAL also increased by 24% to 86%. When a GAL was not able to attend a review, a well informed supervisor was present. For panel members, the input from GAL reports, remains one of the most highly valued documents we receive.

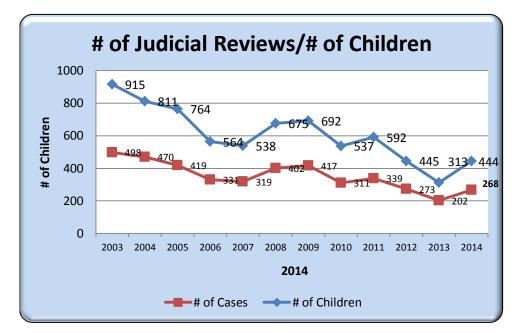
Many of the goals for 2014 have been met. CFCRB has integrated into the UFC and has worked more closely with Providence Human Services and established quarterly meetings that address mutual concerns. We hope to build on the positive trends seen in the past year and will continue to work with all stakeholders to implement solutions and promote positive outcomes for children and families.

Goals

Our goals in the coming year are as follows:

- Find a solution for sustaining the administrative functions of the CRCRB
- Refine the existing "children in court" policy to reflect present UFC practices and implement appropriate changes
- Provide ongoing, relevant data collection
- Monitor and continue to adjust the CFCRB judicial review schedule to align with the UFC schedule
- Support Children's Network of SW FL and Providence Human Services in reducing re-entry of cases into the system
- Work collaboratively with Providence Human Services in providing guidance and support to new case managers at judicial reviews

Willie West President



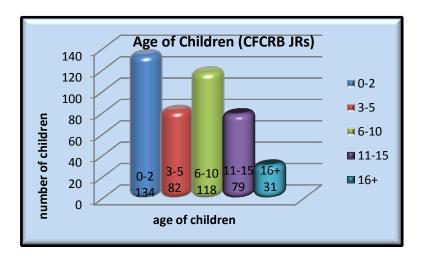
CFCRB

268 Judicial Reviews were conducted by the CFCRB involving 444 children. Of these, 243 Judicial Reviews were non-duplicated during the year.

Observation: The number of Judicial Reviews conducted in 2014 increased by 25%. This is a return to the levels observed in 2012. When viewed over a 10 year period, there has been a steady decline in judicial reviews and the number of children involved in dependency by approximately 85%; this, in spite of an increase in population in Collier County.

Possible factors influencing this change:

- --Increased focus and changes in community based services and family preservation at the Federal, State and Local levels
- --A move to more timely permanency



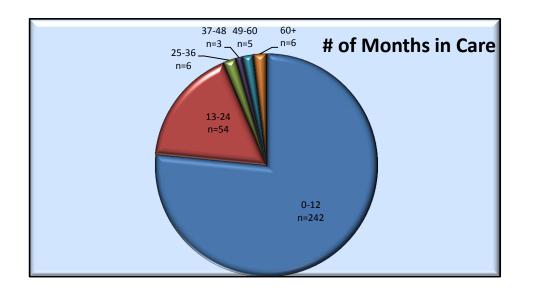
Observation: Children from ages 0-5 years of age continue to be the largest grouping by age followed by the 6-10 group. This year, the 11-15 group increased by 6%.

In general, the age groups of children involved in CFCRB judicial reviews over a 10 year period have remained fairly consistent.

# of	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Children											
Age	134	85	117	166	158	211	180	155	183	185	182
0 - 2	30.18%	27.16%	26.29%	28.04%	29.42%	30.49%	26.67%	28.81%	32.45%	24.21%	22.44%
Age	82	75	114	143	138	185	157	112	111	154	165
3-5	18.47%	23.97%	25.62%	24.16%	25.70%	26.73%	23.26%	20.82%	19.68%	20.16%	20.35%
Age	118	85	115	153	135	150	155	127	114	199	214
6 –10	26.58%	27.16%	25.84%	25.84%	25.14%	21.68%	22.96%	23.61%	20.21%	26.05%	26.39%
Age	79	37	68	110	78	98	126	105	111	164	172
11 – 15	17.79%	11.82%	15.28%	18.58%	14.53%	14.16%	18.67%	19.52%	19.68%	21.47%	21.21%
Age 16+	31	31	31	20	28	48	57	39	45	62	78
	6.99%	9.90%	6.97%	3.38%	5.21%	6.94%	8.44%	7.25%	7.99%	8.12%	9.62%
Total for Year	444	313	445	592	537	692	675	538	564	764	811

Concern: The 0-5 group is at higher risk because they:

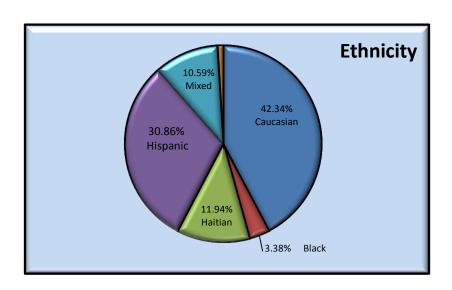
- Are less visible within the community
- Are not in school or attend daycare



Observation: The number of months in care continues to decrease. Over 76% of children are in care from 0-12 months and 17% from 13-24 months.

Trend: This positive trend toward more timely permanency has been observed for the past five years.

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
0-12	242	135	101	123	65	140	163	132	65	149	147
Months	76.58%	63.08%	51.53%	46.24%	30.37%	49.12%	51.1%	48.48%	36.52%	35.48%	27.22%
13-24	54	49	57	88	101	70	84	79	58	122	180
Months	17.1%	22.90%	29.08%	33.08%	47.20%	24.56%	26.33%	28.42%	32.58%	29.05%	33.33%
25-36	6	17	18	29	20	31	29	24	20	54	110
Months	1.9%	7.94%	9.18%	10.90%	9.35%	10.88%	9.10%	8.63%	11.24%	12.86%	20.37%
37-48	3	2	4	9	11	17	11	18	12	17	47
Months	1.0%	.93%	2.04%	3.38%	5.14%	5.96%	3.45%	6.47%	6.74%	4.05%	8.7%
49-60	5	3	1	7	6	4	16	5	7	17	23
Months	1.6%	1.40%	.5%	2.63%	2.81%	1.40%	5.02%	1.80%	3.93%	4.05%	4.26%
60+	6	8	15	10	11	23	16	20	16	61	33
Months	1.9%	3.74%	7.65%	3.76%	5.14%	8.07%	5.02%	7.19%	8.99%	14.52%	6.11%



OBSERVATION:

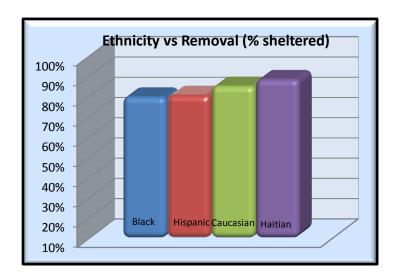
Largest % group is white (42%) followed by Hispanic (31%)

The percent of cases in the Hispanic population increased by 4%.

White, Black, Haitian and Mixed showed very little change from previous years.

When comparing these numbers with those in the Collier County schools, the percentage of white children in the schools is lower than that seen in the court, whereas in the Hispanic population the percentage is higher in the schools.

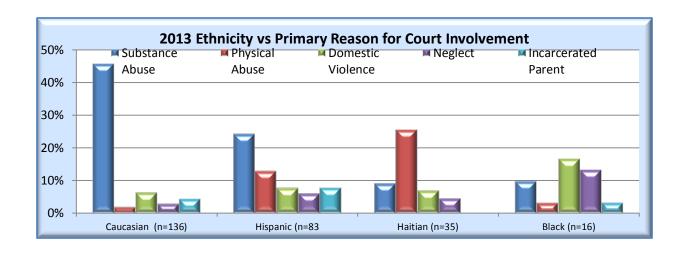
			by Ethnicity	
	For comparison purposes	, the percentage numb	bers of current Collier Cou	ınty Schools were used.
	Current Collier County	2014	2013	2012
	Schools			
Caucasian/White	37%	42.34%	43.5%	46.5%
Hispanic	47%	30.86%	26.5%	26.1%
Haitian	Not reported separately	11.94%	11.8%	9.6%
Black/Afro American	12%	3.38%	5.1%	6.7%
Mixed	2%	10.59%	8.9%	9.9%
Other	2%	.90%		

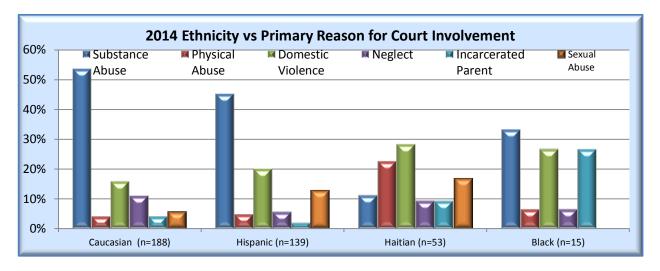


Percent of Children Sheltered	2014 (%)	2013 (%)	2012 (%)	2011 (%)
Black	80	88	77	83
Hispanic	81	86	73	62
Caucasian	85	88	77	78
Haitian	89	86	98	87

OBSERVATION: The percent of children sheltered from their families is almost the same across all racial groups, an indication that there does not appear to be any disparity in the court's decision making.





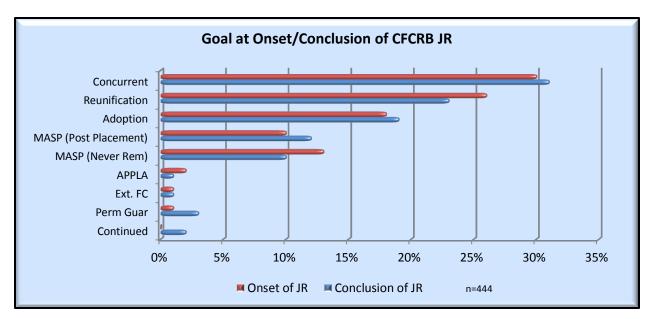


	Substance Abuse		Physical Abuse		DV		Neglect		Incarc. Parent		Sexual Abuse	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Caucasian	54%	46%	4%	2%	16%	6%	11%	3%	4%	4%	6%	n/a
Hispanic	45%	24%	5%	13%	20%	8%	6%	6%	2%	8%	13%	n/a
Haitian	11%	9%	23%	26%	28%	7%	9%	5%	9%	0%	17%	n/a
Black	33%	10%	7%	3%	27%	17%	7%	13%	27%	3%	0%	n/a

In order to highlight the changes observed from 2013, both charts are shown. Only the primary reasons for court involvement are listed. Often these are combined with other reasons. Not shown are: Mental Health, Abandonment and Deceased Parent.

Observations and Trends:

- Substantial changes in primary reason for court involvement were seen in the Hispanic, Haitian, and Black groups.
 - Substance abuse increased 21% in the Hispanic group and domestic violence doubled to 20%
 - In the <u>Haitian</u> group, domestic violence had a fourfold increase (28%). Incarcerated parent increased.
 - In the Black group, substance abuse tripled to 33% and there were more incarcerated parents
 - Sexual abuse increased in <u>Haitian</u>, <u>Hispanic</u> and <u>Caucasian</u> groups. In previous years it was too low to list
 - -Domestic violence increased in the Caucasian group
- Substance abuse remains the leading cause for court involvement in the Caucasian, Black and Hispanic groups.
- Domestic violence has increased in all of the groups and is now the second highest reason for court involvement.
- Physical abuse, which was a leading cause in the Haitian group last year, has decreased



Goal does not reflect the final outcome of case, but rather the recommended goal of CRCRB Panel

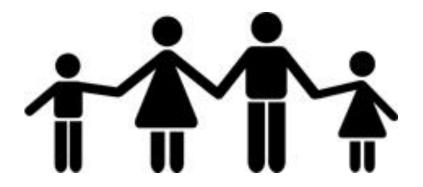
Observation:

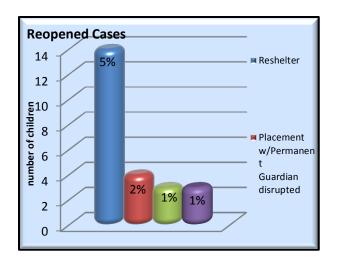
The most frequent goal was <u>concurrent</u> at 30% (reunification with PG or adoption), followed by <u>reunification</u> at 26%. Trend:

- The goal of adoption decreased to 18% of cases from last year's high of 29%.
- The <u>reunification</u> goal increased 13% and <u>concurrent</u> goal 10%.
- MASP(<u>Maintain and Strengthen Placement (post placement</u>)) continues to decrease.

Concern: The decrease in MASP goal with increase in concurrent and reunification goals, brings into question if 12 months is sufficient time for completion of case plan tasks and successful reunification.

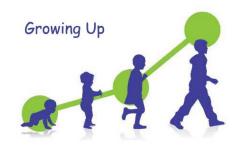
	MASP	MASP	MASP	Adoption	Concurrent	Reunification	Perm	APPLA	Continued	Cancelled	Perm	Ext.
	(Never	(Post	(combined)				Guard.				Placed	Foster
	Removed)	Placement)									Fit	Care
											Relative	
2014	58	45	103	78	134	114	5	7	0	0	0	3
	13%	10%	23%	18%	30%	26%	1%	2%				.5%
2013	38	51	89	91	64	42	10	10	6	0	0	
	12%	16%	28%	29%	20%	13%	3%	3%	2%	0%	0%	
2012	91	90	181	82	77	76	13	10	4	1	0	
	20%	20%	40%	18%	17%	17%	3%	2%	1%	,.5%	0%	
2011	N/A	N/A	183	134	126	95	25	15	12	2	0	
			31%	23%	21%	16%	4%	3%	2%	<1%	0%	
2010	N/A	N/A	169	93	128	79	22	8	30	1	7	
			31.47%	17.32%	23.84%	14.71%	4.10%	1.49%	5.59%	.19%	1.30%	
2009	N/A	N/A	151	116	156	133	27	23	81	5	N/A	
			21.82%	16.76%	22.54%	19.22%	3.90%	3.32%	11.71%	.72%		
2008	N/A	N/A	145	90	130	147	20	43	96	4	N/A	
			21.48%	13.33	19.26%	21.78	2.96	6.37%	14.22	.59		

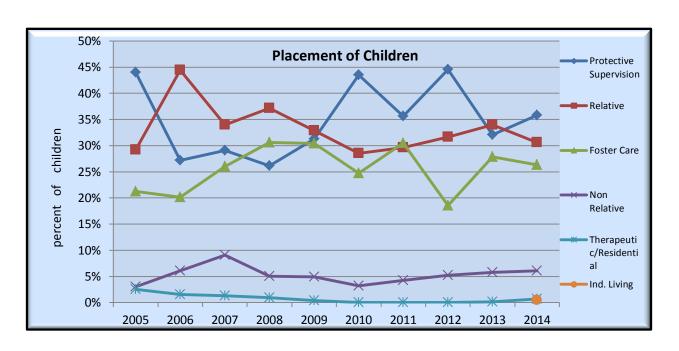




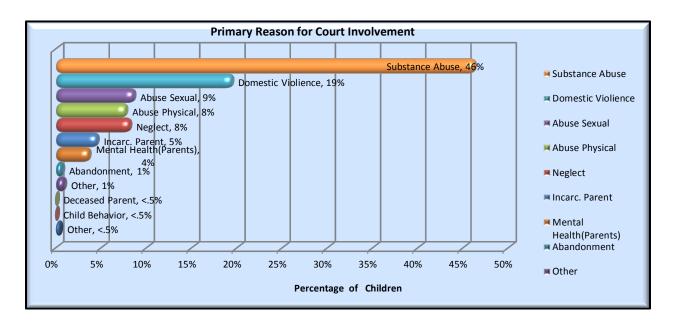
Year Reopened	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Re-sheltered	14	19	8	15	16	14
Parent(s) Petitioned to Reopen	3	3	8	7	1	7
Perm. Guard. Reopened to Adopt	3	0	4	4	5	2
Perm. Placement Disrupted	4	4	2	3	3	6
Total (# of cases)	24 8.96%	26 12.87%	22 8.06%	29 <i>8.56%</i>	25 8.04%	29 6.96%

Observation: Twenty four (9%) out of the 268 judicial reviews were reopened cases. Of these, 55% were due to re-shelter. These numbers have remained consistent over the last five years.





OBSERVATION: There were only slight shifts in the placement of children. 64% were in out of home placement and 36% in protective supervision.



The data reflects only "primary" reason for entry into care. Frequently other factors may exist along with substance abuse.

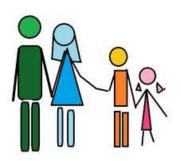
Observations:

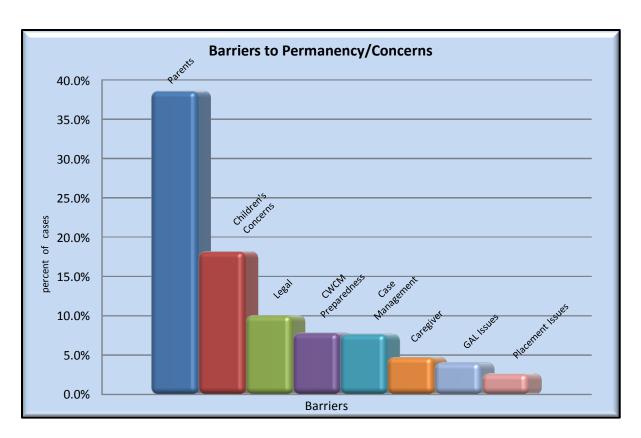
• Substance abuse remains the most frequent reason for court involvement.

Trends:

- Domestic violence increased by 9% from 2013
- Sexual abuse cases were up 6% from 2013

	Substance Abuse	Aband- onment	Abuse Physical	Abuse- Sexual	Child Behavior	Deceased Parent	Domestic Violence	Incarcer ated Parent	Mental Health Parents	Neglect	Other	Comb.
2014	205 46%	3 1%	34 8%	38 9%	2 <.5%	0	86 19%	20 5%	16 4%	36 8%	4 1%	0
2013	147 47%	14 4%	32 10%	10 3%	1 <.5%	1 <.5%	31 10%	20 6%	20 6%	31 10%	1 <.5%	5 2%
2012	170	7	62	16	1	2	66	16	24	71	6	4
	38.2%	1.6%	13.9%	3.6%	.22%	.45%	14.83%	3.6%	5.4%	16%	1.35%	.9%
2011	228	8	95	21	1	6	72	25	38	82	15	1
	38.5%	1.4%	16.0 %	3.5%	.2%	1.0%	12.2%	4.2%	6.42%	13.9%	2.5%	.2%
2010	237	10	59	18	1	2	49	26	44	76	11	4
	44.13%	1.9%	10.99%	3.35%	.19%	.37%	9.12%	4.84%	8.19%	14.15%	2.05%	.74%
2009	286	11	71	31	0	2	81	35	25	128	8	14
	41.33%	1.6%	10.26%	4.48%	0.0%	.29%	11.7%	5.06%	3.61%	18.5%	1.16%	2.02%
2008	264	21	114	30	1	5	33	19	20	143	15	10
	39.11%	3.1%	16.89%	4.44%	.15%	.74%	4.89%	2.81%	2.96%	21.19%	2.22%	1.48%

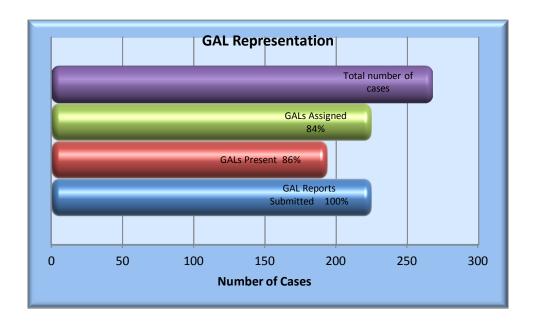




Observations:

- The <u>parent's</u> lack of compliance with case plan tasks (drug screens, incarceration, no contact, not present, visitation and protective capacities lacking) remains the leading barrier to case closure (39%).
- <u>Children</u>'s issues are next at 18% (not present, runaway, unhappy in placement, education, health, immigration or not involved).
- When <u>case management</u> issues and preparedness of case managers are combined, it accounts for 15% of cases.

CATEGORY	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Parents	276	180	306	313	249	131	125
	38.6%	36.8%	46.5%	37.3%	36.09%	20.7%	19.1%
Children's Concerns	130	105	99	97	36	5	9
	18.2%	21.5%	15%	11.6%	5.22%	≤1%	1.4%
Legal	72	43	65	113	112	147	165
	10.1%	8.8%	9.9%	13.5%	16.23%	23.3%	25.2%
GAL Issues	29	19	44	81	107	22	54
	4.1%	3.9%	6.7%	9.7%	15.51%	3.4%	8.3%
Caregivers	34	40	44	58	48	10	11
	4.8%	8.2%	6.7%	6.9%	6.96%	1.6%	1.7%
Case Management	55	28	43	53	31	47	54
	7.7%	5.7%	6.5%	6.3%	4.49%	7.4%	8.2%
Preparedness of Case	56	19	40	64	62	46	75
Manager	7.8%	3.9%	6.1%	7.6%	8.99%	7.2%	11.5%
Placement Issues	19	15	17	10	45	223	160
	2.7%	3.1%	2.6%	1.2%	6.52%	35.3%	24.5%
Cases with no	44	40	36	50	29	Statistic not	Statistic not
Barriers/Concerns	6.2%	8.25	5.47%	6%	9.32%	kept	kept



OBSERVATION: 84% of cases had guardian-ad litem assigned of which 100% of reports were submitted. Attendance at judicial reviews of GALs was up 24% from last year. In the absence of an assigned GAL, well-informed supervisors were in attendance to provide updates.

GAL reports are a critical component in the JR process and input at this level is greatly valued.

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
GAL's	225	164	183	249	241	274	249	170	167	158	151
Assigned											
% of Cases	84%	81%	67%	73.45%	77.49%	65.71%	61.94%	53.29%	50.45%	37.71%	32.13%
with GAL											
assigned											
% of	86%	62%	78.69%	71.49%	74.69%	71.53%	73.90%	79.41%	68.86%	68.99%	73.51%
assigned											
GALs who											
attended JRs											
Report	100%	99%	182	199	134	176	202	144	130	137	138
submitted			99.45%	79.92%	55.60%	64.23%	81.12%	84.71%	77.84%	86.71%	91.39%
Total JRs	268	202	273	339	311	417	402	319	331	419	470



2014 Panel Member Volunteers

Terry Abraham-Whalley

Stephen Brazina

Lori Cohen

Mike Dias

Liz Hayes

Fran Kieselhorst

Judi Mudarri

Janice Rogers

Elli Taylor

Mary Weisberg

Carmen Wise

Tom Becker

Ann Campbell

John D'Alimonte

Jan Eustis

Newton Hoilette

Cheri Kooiker

Rob Nossen

Jim Schoenwetter

Paul Wachsmith

Willie West

Bob Bogle

Lisa Cannon

Jennifer Devries

David Goldstein

Joe Jaffe

Suzanne Meiners-Levy

Pattye Ormsby

Ken Shevin

Harold Week

Marcia White Williams

2014 Steering Committee Members

Bob Bogle

David Goldstein

Elli Taylor

Lori Cohen

Joe Jaffe

Irving Waldman

Jan Eustis(chair)

Suzanne Meiners-Levy

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